FY 2024 SNAP-Ed Final Report

Reach Report Instructions



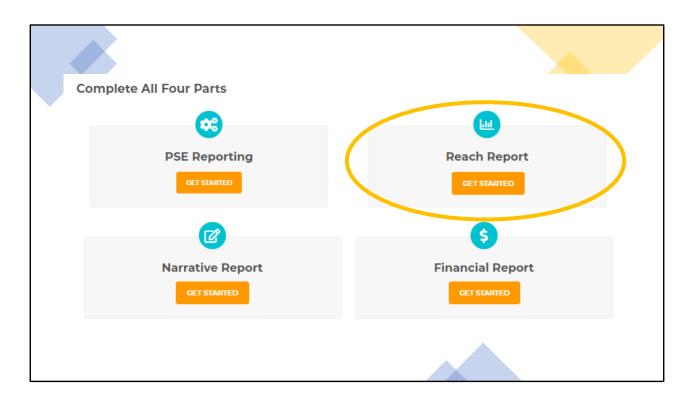
This institution is and equal opportunity provider.

The following instructions accompany the Reach Report. Please read both the slides AND the notes below the slide as they may contain additional information/details.

Getting Started

Have the following ready to support your Reach Report entry

- These Reach Report Instructions
- FY24 Program Summary (Subs) or FY24 Scope of Work (CIPs)
- Reach Report Form
 - Linked https://michiganfitness.formstack.com/forms/reach_report_fy24
- Your program participant data files



To access the Reach Report:

If your SNAP-Ed program is a **subrecipient**:

- Go to https://snap-ed.michiganfitness.org/reporting/subrecipient-final-report
- Click the "Get Started" button under "Reach Report" to be directed to the online form

If your SNAP-Ed program is a **Community Impact Project:**

- Go to https://snap-ed.michiganfitness.org/reporting/community-impact-project-final-report
- Click the "Get Started" button under "Reach Report" to be directed to the online form

	FY 2024 Reach Report			
	Please enter the following in	formation:		
	Your Name*		Email *	
	Pirst Name Organization	Last Name		
			‡	
I	the link you receive. The		an once, be sure to save the most recent version of each time you click Save and Resume Later. st recent changes.	
		Save and Re-	sume Later	
4			Next	
		Progr	655	

When you open the Reach Report, the first section will require you to fill out contact information. Like other forms you've completed if you need to close the Reach Report and come back to it later, you may do so at any time by clicking 'Save and Resume Later.' Clicking this brings up a prompt that allows you to cancel the action OR save and get a link sent to your email that will allow you to access the form with all your saved information.

Please note that each time you click 'Save and Resume Later,' a new link will be generated. Therefore, it's important to save and use the most recent link emailed to you. Previous links will not contain your latest changes.

Once you have entered your contact information and you are ready to continue, click 'Next' to move to the next section.

Reporting Direct Education Reach	
Reach Complete the following information to report the number of unduplicated SNAP-Ed direct education (DE) participants in ALL of your FY24 direct education interventions. Reporting an unduplicated count means providing the number of unique individuals reached through your program, regardless of the number of direct education sessions or contacts. Note this is only individuals directly reached through DE; it does not include indirect channel reach.	Enter the TOTAL number of participants who participated in direct education with your program
Total unduplicated SNAP-Ed DE participants:*	 A participant can only be counted once per intervention
Save and Resume Later	
Previous Next	

On this page you will enter the total unduplicated SNAP-Ed direct education participants, AKA the direct education reach. Reminders:

- A participant can be counted once for participating in any of your direct education interventions.
- This number should not include indirect channel reach. This is only DE reach.
- For additional reminders, see the next two slides.

Example, if Billy participates in a direct education series, he counts as one participant. If Billy later participates in a *different* intervention, he will be counted a second time.

DE Reach Important to Remember - 1

- Direct education reach must be collected or estimated
- Direct education must:
 - Involve delivering a core, evidence-based nutrition education intervention to eligible people
 - Follow the intervention guidance for lesson duration that supports behavior change and allows for active engagement
 - Be interactive meaning it provides individualized experience based on participants' input in real-time

DE Reach Important to Remember - 2

- The number of unduplicated participants you report should span across ALL your DE interventions, including the DE component of any combined DE/PSE intervention.
- You should only report on direct education reach numbers.
- A participant can only be counted once per intervention. When reporting all your DE reach, ensure it's an unduplicated count.
 - This means when you have a participant complete two different interventions, they would be counted twice.

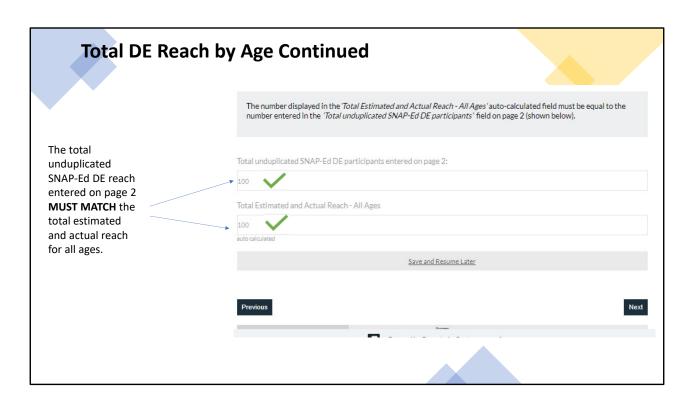
For example, in the case of a combined DE/PSE intervention, you should only include the number of participants that received the direct education.

A participant can only be counted once for each different intervention they participate in. An **unduplicated count** of people should be recorded **across all interventions**. For example, if Billy participates in a direct education series A, he counts as one participant. If Billy later participates in a *different* intervention, Billy will be counted a second time.

		Totals column auto-calculates	It's okay to have a combination of estimated and actual data.
Less than 5 years - Actual count *	Less than 5 years - Estimated count*	Less than 5 years - Total o auto calculated	 If estimating demographics, use existing data about the population you are serving such as census data or school data.
5-7 years - Actual count *	5-7 years - Estimated count*	5-7 years - Total 0 auto calculated	• Enter "0" in any empty fields.
8-10 years - Actual count *	8-10 years - Estimated count*	8-10 years - Total 0 auto calculated	Note – it is never appropriate to change or challenge a self- declaration made by a participant.
11-13 years - Actual count *	11-13 years - Estimated count *	11-13 years - Total o auto calculated	declaration made by a participant.
14-17 years - Actual count *	14-17 years - Estimated count *	14-17 years - Total 0 auto calculated	
18-59 years - Actual count*	18-59 years - Estimated count *	18-59 years - Total 0 auto calculated	
60-75 years - Actual count *	60-75 years - Estimated count *	60-75 years - Total	Total unduplicated SNAP-Ed DE Participants Actual count + Estimated
76 years or older - Actual count *	76 years or older - Estimated count *	auto calculated 76 years or older - Total	(Form page 2)

If you have the self-reported age of participants, then you'll enter in the actual count boxes for the ages.

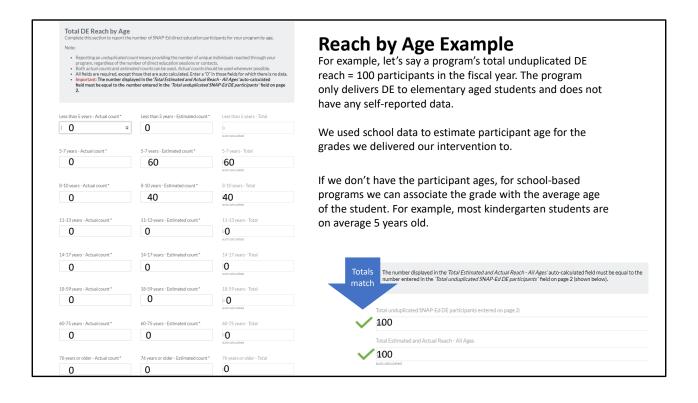
If you don't have self-reported participant age, you'll be entering estimates.



Here is an example of what the bottom of the direct education reach by age page will look like if it's completed correctly. The unduplicated reach is pre-populated from form page two and the second field is the total from this page.

Total DE Read	ch by Age Continued
If the total unduplicated SNAP-Ed DE reach	Total unduplicated SNAP-Ed DE participants entered on page 2:
entered on form page 2 does not	100
match the total estimated and actual reach – all	Total Estimated and Actual Reach - All Ages 75
actual reacti – all ages, you'll see a red, warning	auto calculated Warning: The 'Total Estimated and Actual Reach - All Ages' must be equal to the total DE reach entered.
message appear.	Save and Resume Later
No red message, then your numbers match.	To remove the warning message, confirm that the numbers entered for all age categories are entered. Then confirm that you entered your unduplicated reach count correctly on page 2.

If the two fields do not match, you'll see this warning message. This means you need to confirm your numbers on this page because some numbers might be missing or mistyped.

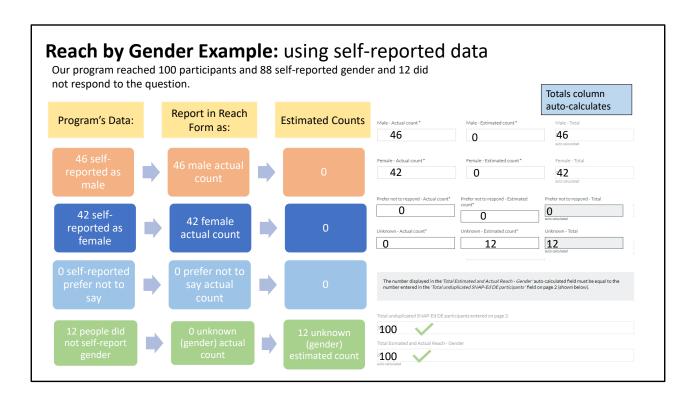


Reach by Gender It's okay to have a combination of estimated and actual data. Reminder that participants are not required to	Note: Reporting an unduplicated count mea program, regardless of the number of Both actual counts and estimated cou. All fields are required, except those the Important: The number displayed in the state of the	Complete this section to report the number of SNAP-Ed direct education participants for your program by ge	
report gender, and an estimated count may be used.	Male - Actual count * Ma	ale - Estimated count *	Male - Total 0 auto calculated
 Use estimated counts in the absence of self-reported data. 	Female - Actual count * Fer	male - Estimated count*	Female - Total 0 auto calculated
 If estimating demographics, use existing data about the population you are serving such as census data or school 	COU	nt*	refer not to respond - Total to calculated nknown - Total
• Enter "0" in any empty fields.		5:	O to calculated
Note – it is never appropriate to change or challenge a self-declaration made by a participant.	The number displayed in the 'Total Estimate' number entered in the 'Total unduplicated's		
	Total unduplicated SNAP-Ed DE participants e	entered on page 2:	
Total number of participants reached with DE (Form page 2) Actual count + Estimated count	Total Esimated and Actual Reach - Gender O substantial Esimated and Actual Reach - Warnings: The 'Total Estimated and Actual Rea	ach . Candar' must be avual to the total candar'	al DE reach entered

Note that the categories here are defined by FNS. If you have self-reported data, report that as actual counts. Otherwise, your entries will be estimated. You should use existing demographic data to help complete the estimated count fields.

If using your own demographic tracking tool and a person did not answer the gender question you'd count them in unknown estimated count.

Your actual and estimated counts by gender must equal the total unduplicated participants reached from form page 2. If they don't match, you'll see the warning message, like you can see on this screenshot.



Here is an example of how you'd report data when you have self-reported data. We reached 100 adult participants through direct education classes, 88 self-reported gender so 88 are reported in the actual count fields for male and female. The remaining 12 participants did not respond to the gender question we used to track self-reported data. So those 12 are all estimated unknown gender.

Reach by Geno	der Example 2: using estimated data	3	
Program's Data:	Estimated Counts	Report in Reach Form as:	
Our program reached 100 participants. - 75 students at school - 25 community	Student calculation. MISchool Data for our school: 51.84% male and 48.16% female • Male student estimate count (75 x .5184) = 38.88 → 39 • Female student estimate count (75 x .4816)= 36	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
members. We have no self- reported data so we will calculate estimates using	Community participant calculation. County census data: 47.4% male and 52.6% female • Male estimate count (25 x .474) = 11.85 → 12 • Female estimate count (25 x .526)= 13	Prefer not to respond - Actual count* O	
school data and census data.	Totals • Total male estimated count (39+12)= 51 • Total female estimate count (36+13)= 49	The number displayed in the Total Estimated and Actual Reach - Gender number entered in the Total unduplicated SNAP-Ed DE participants' fiel	
		Total unduplicated SNAP-Ed DE participants entered on page 2: $^{12}100$ Total Esimated and Actual Reach - Gender $^{0}100$ also clocked.	

In this example we have no self-reported gender data and will need to calculate estimates. We reached 100 participants through direct education classes: 75 were students at school and 25 were adult community members. We will use different data sets to calculate estimates.

For the 75 school students we will use the school data from MI School Data. Our school has a gender ratio of 51.84 percent male and 48.16 percent female.

- Male student estimate count $(75 \times .5184) = 38.88$, we'll round up to 39 male students.
- Female student estimate count (75 x .4816)= 36. Together 39 male estimated students plus 36 female estimated students equals 75 students, so our calculation is correct.

Next, we need to calculate the community member estimated gender using Michigan, county data. In our county there are 47.4 percent males and 52.6 percent females.

- Male estimate count (25 x .474) = 11.85, we'll round up to 12 male participants.
- Female estimate count (25 x .526)= 13.15 or 13 female participants. Together 12 male estimated participants plus 13 female estimated participants equals 25 students, so our calculation is correct.

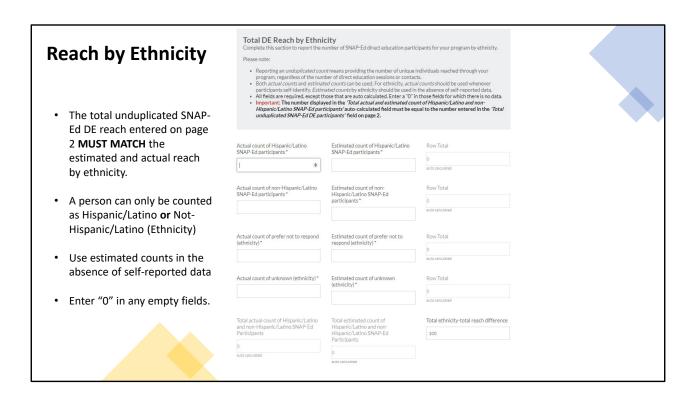
Now, we need to combine our estimated counts.

- 39 estimated male students plus 12 estimated male participants equals 51.
- 36 estimated female students plus 13 estimated female participants equals 49. We can
 now enter these two numbers into the estimate male and estimated female cells. If we
 did the calculation correct the total should equal 100.

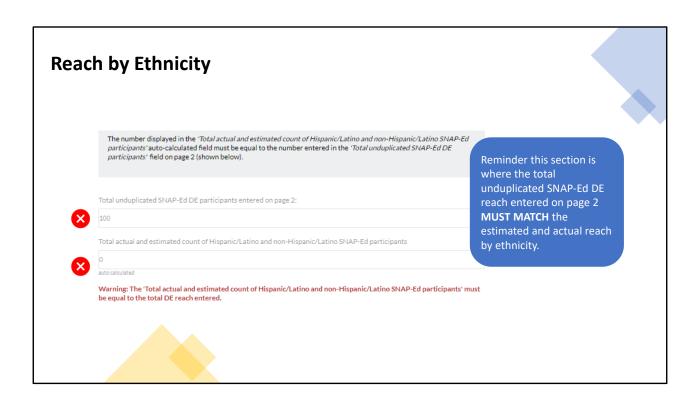
Reach by Ethnicity & Race

Key Notes on these Sections

- Categories align with the U.S. Census and/or FNS reporting guidance
- A person can only be counted as Hispanic/Latino or Not-Hispanic/Latino (Ethnicity)
- A person may identify with more than one race
- You may use actual counts and/or estimated counts for race and ethnicity.
 - Actual counts should only be reported whenever participants self-identify their race and/or ethnicity.
 - Participants are not required to report race or ethnicity. Estimated counts may be used for reporting purposes when individuals do not identify with a specific race or ethnicity.
- If estimating demographics, use existing data about the population you are serving, such as census data or school data.
- Please note that it is never appropriate to change or challenge a self-declaration made by a participant.
- Enter "0" in any empty fields.



If you have self-reported data that gets reported in actual, otherwise your entries will be estimated. You should use existing demographic data to help complete the estimated count fields.

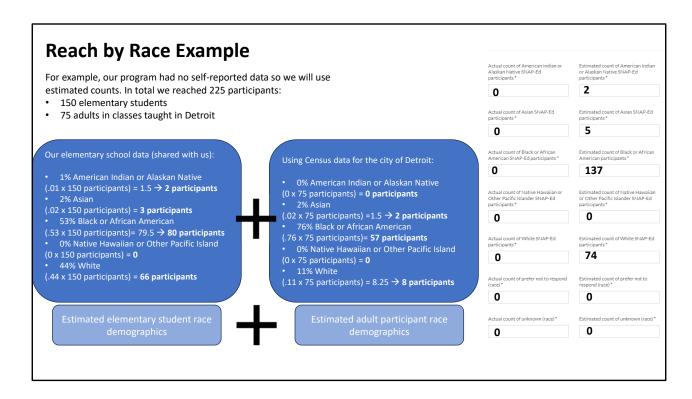


In this screenshot the totals do not match so the warning message is displayed. When your totals match you will not see the warning message.

Reach by Race	Actual count of American Indian or Alaskan Native SNAP-Ed	Estimated count of American Indian or Alaskan Native SNAP-Ed	Row Total
	participants*	participants*	0
			auto calculated
	Actual count of Asian SNAP-Ed participants *	Estimated count of Asian SNAP-Ed participants *	Row Total
 A person may identify with more than one race 			auto calculated
Your totals for this page do not need to match the total	Actual count of Black or African American SNAP-Ed participants *	Estimated count of Black or African American participants *	Row Total
unduplicated reach. However, the total reach must be at			0 auto calculated
least equal to or greater than the total reach reported.	Actual count of Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander SNAP-Ed	Estimated count of Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander SNAP-Ed	Row Total
This is the only page where matching totals are not	participants *	participants*	0 auto calculated
required because people may identify as more than one			acto carculated
race.	Actual count of White SNAP-Ed participants *	Estimated count of White SNAP-Ed participants *	Row Total
Use estimated counts in the absence of self-reported data			0 auto calculated
ose estimated counts in the absence of sen-reported data			auto Carculateu
5 - to - ((0)) ' (° - 1 - 1	Actual count of prefer not to respond (race) * Estimated count of prefer not to respond (race) *		Row Total
• Enter "0" in any empty fields.			0
			auto calculated
	Actual count of unknown (race) *	Estimated count of unknown (race) *	Row Total
			0
			auto calculated
	Total actual count SNAP-Ed Partipants (race)	Total estimated count SNAP-Ed Partipants (race)	Row Total
	0	0	0
	auto calculated	auto calculated	auto calculated

Totals on the reach by race page **DO NOT** have to match your total unduplicated DE reach. However, the **total must be at least equal to or greater than** the total reach reported on form page 2. This is because a person may identify as more than one race. You won't see the totals box at the bottom.

Use estimated counts in the absence of self-reported data. You should be using available demographic data to apply to your unduplicated DE participant number.



In this example they didn't have self-reported data, so the race actual fields will be zeros. They used school demographic data and calculated estimated counts for the 150 participants at the school. Then used separate data, city census data, to calculate demographics for the 75 adult participants.

The final step is to combine the estimate counts by ethnicity to get the estimated totals for all DE participants.

Explanation of Estimated Counts

If you reported actual counts for every category, then you don't have to complete this field.

For **estimated counts in a particular category** (age, gender, race, ethnicity), please describe the methods to determine the number of individuals in that category. Explanation of estimation method(s) - 3,000 character limit

Explanation of estimation method(s) - 3,000 character limit

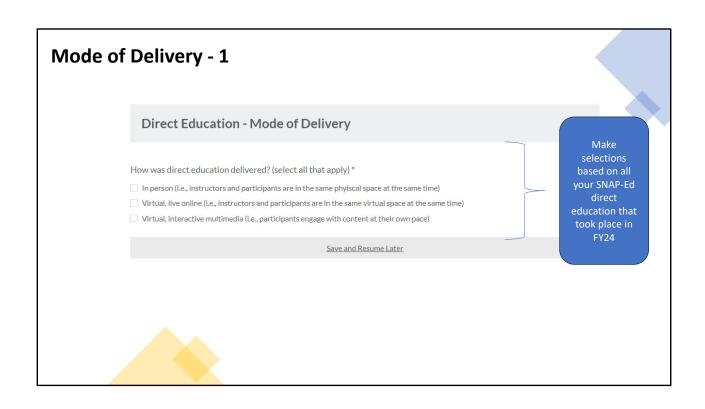
If you have entered any numbers in any of the 'estimated count' boxes, provide an explanation of the estimation method(s) used for each category.

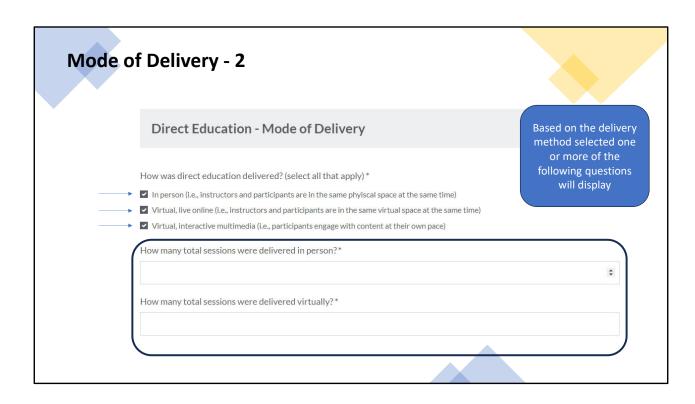
3000/3000

Save and Resume Later

For example, if you had estimated counts for age, gender, race and ethnicity you'd include estimation methods for all four categories.

- For age, we used the average age of students in that grade to estimate how many participants were in each age category. We taught 95 kindergarten students, so 95 were estimated to be 5 years old.
- For gender, Census data shows a 60:40 ratio of females to males. Among the 20 participants without actual self-reported data, an estimated 12 are female (20*0.60) and 8 are male (20*0.4).
- For ethnicity, we used census data for the city. 20% are Hispanic/Latino and then 80% were not-Hispanic Latino. For our 100 participants who did not self-report race, 20 (.20*100) were estimated to be Hispanic/Latino and 80 were estimated to be not-Hispanic Latino (.80*100).
- For race, we used census data for adults who did not self-report race and school demographic data for student participants who did not self report race.





If you delivered interventions in all three ways (in person, virtual live, virtual with interactive multimedia) then you would be prompted to complete all questions.

Session vs. Series

Session: Single, face-to-face interaction where DE is provided.

Series: Group of multiple sessions during which a complete DE intervention is delivered.

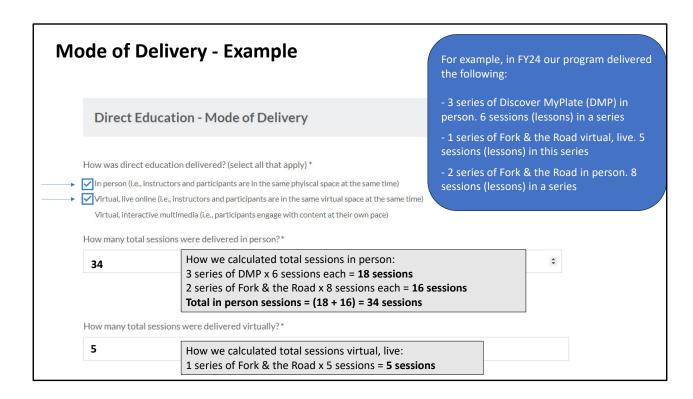
In other words, think of a 'session' as a single class and a 'series' as a set of classes that (as a whole) make up an intervention.

Report the **actual** number of sessions delivered even if this number is different than the *planned* number of sessions. For example, if you originally offered a 6-session class but had to cancel the series after the second session (e.g., due to low attendance), you should report this as a 2-session series.

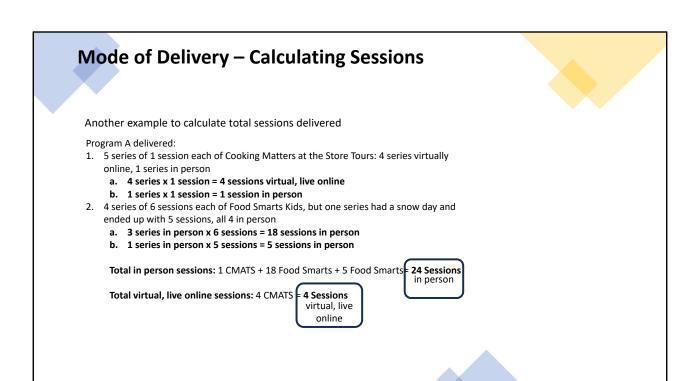
Report on ALL your DE interventions across your program.

Additional Notes:

- Remember to report on **ALL** your direct education interventions across your program, including the direct education component of any combined DE/PSE intervention.
- If a series of sessions *crosses fiscal years*, report the series as though it is two separate interventions, with one occurring in each fiscal year. All individuals who have participated in the program, up to the end of the first fiscal year, will be reported in year 1 with the number of sessions which were completed in that year. All individuals who participated in the intervention in the following year will be reported in year 2 with the number of sessions which were completed in year 2.



An example. Our program taught series in person and virtually, live. Based on our example program we had to calculate the total number of sessions for all our DE delivered in person. Then we calculated the total number of sessions for all DE delivered virtually, live.



A second sessions calculation example. First, break out your direct education by the number of series that were held across all your direct education intervention(s).

Next, note how many sessions happened for each series. Usually, the number of sessions is the same for the intervention, but sometimes there are cancellations causing one or more series to have a different number of sessions. See #2 on the slide where there was a cancelled class so one series had one less session.

This tab is to enter indirect	Indirect Channel Reach From Direct Education
with DE. Indirect channels might include things such	Enter the total indirect channel reach from direct education. This <u>should not</u> include any reach from PSE.
as: • Electronic or hard copy	While the USDA is emphasizing direct reach, we recognize that indirect reach is a part of comprehensive programming and want to capture these efforts.
handouts	Total indirect channel reach from ALL your direct education:*
Social Media	<u> </u>
 CSA Food Navigator 	
 Parent engagement activities **don't double count the students reached through DE 	If your indirect channel reach included Farmers Market Food Navigator, what was that reach number?
• Community based	Save and Resume Later
events Do not include any reach from PSE.	If you did Farmers Market Food Navigator (FMFN) in FY24. Include any indirect reach for that program in the second box.

Full list of indirect channels for DE reach:

- Articles
- Billboards, bus/van wraps or other signage
- Calendars
- Electronic materials (e.g., mail and electronic newsletters or text messaging)
- Hard copy materials (e.g., fact sheets, flyers, pamphlets, activity posters, postcards, recipe cards, or newsletters for mailings)
- Nutrition education reinforcement items
- Point-of-Sale or distribution signage
- Radio
- Social Media (e.g., Facebook, Twitter, Pinterest, and blogs)
- T\/
- Videos (includes CD, DVD, and online video sites like YouTube)
- Websites
- Other (this may include food tastings/demos used as an indirect channel such as at community or parent engagement events)

End of Report	
If you want to review or modify your responses, click the Previous button to page back through the form. If you are ready to submit all of your responses, click the Submit Report button. You will not be able to modify your responses once you click Submit Report.	
Save and Resume Later	
Previous	Submit Report
Progress	

You have reached the end of the Reach Report. You have three options on this screen:

- 1. Submit report. When you are ready to submit your completed Reach Report, click the 'Submit Form' button at the bottom of the screen. This will automatically submit your form to MFF for review. Changes cannot be made after your form has been submitted.
- 2. You can use the 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons at the bottom of each page to go back through the form and ensure your information is complete and correct.
- 3. You can click 'Save and Resume Later'