Aggregated Impact of Locally Implemented SNAP-Ed Programming on Physical Activity in Michigan Youth

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Abstract

Equity in physical activity engagement is a critical issue. Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Education (SNAP-Ed) reaches low-income youth, with physical activity as one of the key foci. In Michigan, SNAP-Ed includes locally relevant programs selected and implemented by community organizations. Consistent evaluation is conducted across programs. PURPOSE: To evaluate state-level change in physical activity and sedentary behaviors of Michigan youth who receive locally relevant SNAP-Ed programming selected and implemented by community-based organizations. METHODS: Participants were youth (grades 4th-8th) receiving SNAP-Ed programming that included evidence-based interventions with a physical activity component. Youth received a physical activity questionnaire preand post-intervention. Participant data were matched based on demographic indicators, and data were aggregated at the state-level. Descriptive statistics were calculated for all variables of interest, and Wilcoxon Signed Rank tests were used to compare differences pre- and post-intervention for physical activity and sedentary behaviors (i.e. weekday hours spent watching TV). RESULTS: Participants included 1,899 youth (grades 4th-8th) from SNAP-Ed programming delivered through 15 different community organizations across Michigan. The majority of participants were Caucasian (65.0%) and non-Hispanic (86.5%), and approximately one-half were male (49.9%). A statistically significant increase was found for the number of days that youth self-reported being physically

active for at least 60 minutes pre- and post-intervention (pre: 4.18±2.13; post: 4.43±2.05; p<0.000), and a statistically significant decrease was found for the number of hours youth reported watching TV on a weekday pre- and post-intervention (pre: 1.76±1.55; post: 1.66±1.49; p=0.012). CONCLUSION: Implementation of locally relevant SNAP-Ed programming selected by community organizations can Positively impact physical activity and sedentary behaviors. Future research should explore commonalities amongst locally relevant programs to identify key implementation characteristics For greatest impact and progress toward equity.

Introduction

framework

local and regional organizations.

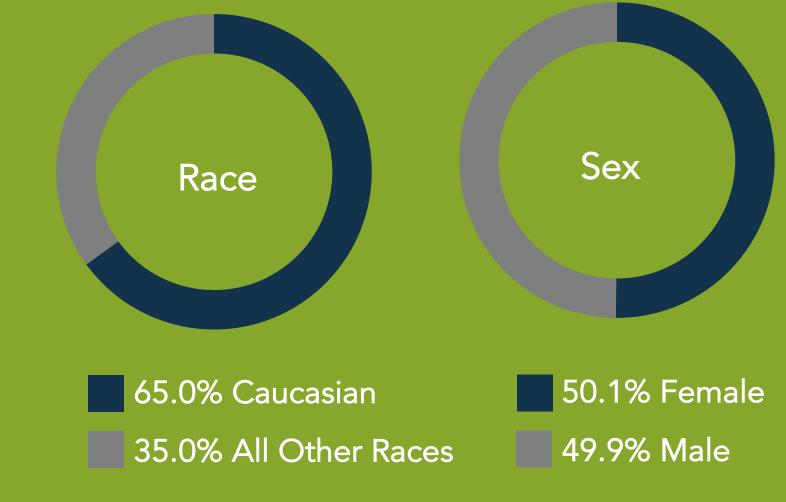
Evaluation Framework

Implementation of locally relevant SNAP-Ed programming selected by community organizations can positively impact physical activity and sedentary behavior in youth

Results

Demographics

15 Organizations N=1,899



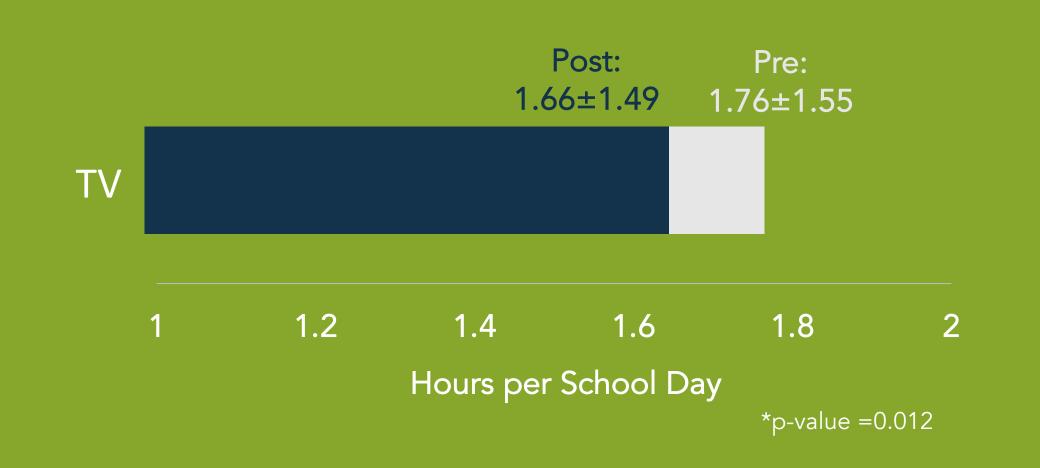


60.8% 4th Grade 27.0% 5th Grade

12.2% 6th-8th Grade Average Age: 10.4±1.1 years

Outcomes





Learn more about SNAP-Ed at the Michigan Fitness Foundation: snap-ed.michiganfitness.org

Methods

- Participants received a physical activity questionnaire preand post-intervention.
- Participant pre- and post- questionnaires were matched based on demographic indicators and data were aggregated at the state-level.
- Descriptive statistics were calculated for all variables of interest, and Wilcoxon Signed Rank tests were used to compare differences pre- and post-intervention for physical activity and weekday television watching.







Conclusions

- SNAP-Ed Programs designed and implemented by community organizations can collectively positively impact physical activity and sedentary behavior in youth.
- Data can still be aggregated and communicated as a single story to program stakeholders even though program decisions occur locally.
- Outcome variables should be explored across local programs to identify key implementation variables for greatest impact.

Acknowledgements

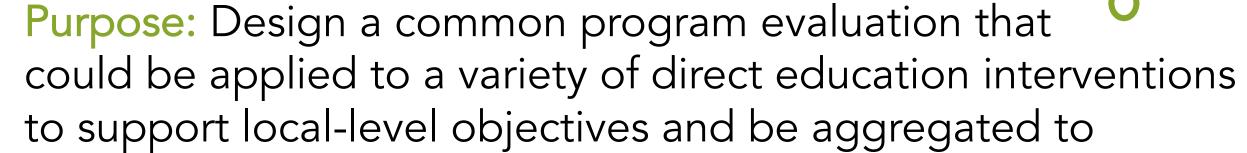
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Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Education (SNAP-

Ed) at the Michigan Fitness Foundation is a collaborative of

Programming is selected at the local level

and aligned with the social ecological

Evaluation is designed at the statewide

level aligned with the SNAP-Ed

demonstrate state-level outcomes.